

Back Injury Avoidance

KEY POINTS

- When working with office equipment or furniture, lift with your legs, not your back.
- Get help when moving office equipment or furniture.
- Limit the weight of loads to be lifted.
- Don't twist with the load.
- Don't reach or extend oneself to lift an object.

Over 70,000 people a year experience back injuries and describe them as the most costly and painful accidents of their lives.

Training can impact improper lifting, a major element in back injuries, and safety engineering can eliminate many other causes. However, it won't be enough unless the employee uses common sense on the job.

Management should also evaluate those work areas that have the greatest frequency of back injuries. Are there tasks which have a high incidence of injury to the lower back? If a certain task creates problems, ergonomic principles may be applied. Perhaps the problem can be engineered out through the reduction of the weight to be lifted, partial automation or the use of material handling equipment. Even after this has been done, it is important to train the employee in the hazards associated with manual lifting in the workplace.

The following tips might help avoid a painful and costly back injury:

- When working with office equipment or furniture, lift using your legs, not your back.
- When moving office equipment or furniture, make sure of its weight and position of the equipment before attempting the job alone. Better to take the time to use the help of a co-worker rather than suffer a back injury by trying to hurry.
- Limit the weight of loads to be lifted. Items that need moving by manual lift should not weigh more than 50 lbs., preferably 25 lbs. No employee should attempt to lift a 100 lb. weight without assistance.
- Don't twist with the load. Proper lifting techniques teach employees to bend their knees and pick the load up carefully. However, many employees make the mistake of twisting with the load—this can put additional strain on the back, and may lead to an injury.
- Don't reach or extend oneself to lift an object. Leaning to lift even a relatively light object, without support, can cause a back injury. Take the time to get close in for a proper manual lift.

Remember— employees should also use safe lifting practices at home and during recreational activities. It doesn't do much good to practice safety all week at the workplace, only to injure one's back while performing daily activities at home.

For further information or assistance, contact your Zenith Safety & Health consultant.

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